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APPLICATION NO.	I	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.	
10/734,717		12/12/2003	William Bedingham	59071US002 2357		
32692	7590	08/10/2005		EXAMINER		
3M INNOV	ATIVE	PROPERTIES CO	RAEVIS, ROBERT R			
PO BOX 334 ST. PAUL,		133-3427		ART UNIT PAPER NUMBER 2856		
BI.TAOL,	.,,,,					

DATE MAILED: 08/10/2005

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

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	Application No.	Applicant(s)	A	
	10/734,717	BEDINGHAM ET AL.	BEDINGHAM ET AL.	
Office Action Summary	Examiner	Art Unit		
	Robert R. Raevis	2856		
The MAILING DATE of this communi Period for Reply	ication appears on the cover sheet v	vith the correspondence addre	ss	
A SHORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR THE MAILING DATE OF THIS COMMUNI - Extensions of time may be available under the provisions after SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this community of the period for reply specified above is less than thirty (3). If NO period for reply is specified above, the maximum states to reply within the set or extended period for reply Any reply received by the Office later than three months a earned patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b).	CATION. of 37 CFR 1.136(a). In no event, however, may a unication. 0) days, a reply within the statutory minimum of th attutory period will apply and will expire SIX (6) MC will, by statute, cause the application to become A	reply be timely filed irty (30) days will be considered timely. NTHS from the mailing date of this commi	unication.	
Status				
1) Responsive to communication(s) file	d on			
2a) ☐ This action is FINAL .	2b)⊠ This action is non-final.			
3) Since this application is in condition closed in accordance with the practice	•	•	erits is	
Disposition of Claims				
4) ☑ Claim(s) 1-22 is/are pending in the a 4a) Of the above claim(s) is/ar 5) ☐ Claim(s) is/are allowed. 6) ☑ Claim(s) 1-22 is/are rejected. 7) ☐ Claim(s) is/are objected to. 8) ☐ Claim(s) are subject to restrict	re withdrawn from consideration.			
Application Papers				
9) The specification is objected to by the	e Examiner.			
10) The drawing(s) filed on is/are:	a) accepted or b) dojected to	by the Examiner.		
Applicant may not request that any object	ction to the drawing(s) be held in abeya	ance. See 37 CFR 1.85(a).		
Replacement drawing sheet(s) including 11) The oath or declaration is objected to				
Priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119				
2. Certified copies of the priority3. Copies of the certified copies	documents have been received. documents have been received in of the priority documents have bee nal Bureau (PCT Rule 17.2(a)).	Application No In received in this National Sta	age	
Attachment(s) 1) Motice of References Cited (PTO-892)	4) 🔲 Interview	v Summary (PTO-413)		
2) Notice of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (P3) Information Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO-1449 or Paper No(s)/Mail Date 3-15-04; 4/4/05)	PTO-948) Paper No. 5) Notice of	o(s)/Mail Date Informal Patent Application (PTO-15	52)	

Application/Control Number: 10/734,717

Art Unit: 2856

DETAILED ACTION

Claims 1-22 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 112, second paragraph, as being indefinite for failing to particularly point out and distinctly claim the subject matter which applicant regards as the invention.

As to claims 1-22, the terms "valved" and "valve" are confusing, as the written specification and disclosure seems to describe a wall 64 in which an opening if formed by a laser, and not a valve. The term "valve" is not consistent with its regular meaning. After all, valves are reusable, and the disclosed creation of an opening in the wall 64 is not.

As to claim 1, is the "a first major side" (lines 14-15) the same as the "first" (line 6) side? Is the same side being claimed twice? (Double Inclusion)

As to claim 13, "the detection window" (lines 7-8 from bottom of the claim) lacks antecedent basis.

The following is a quotation of 35 U.S.C. 103(a) which forms the basis for all obviousness rejections set forth in this Office action:

(a) A patent may not be obtained though the invention is not identically disclosed or described as set forth in section 102 of this title, if the differences between the subject matter sought to be patented and the prior art are such that the subject matter as a whole would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to which said subject matter pertains. Patentability shall not be negatived by the manner in which the invention was made.

Claims 1-18,20,21 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Parthasarathy et al (US2003/0138779) in view of Kellogg et al '589.

Parthasarathy et al teach (Figures 3, 4) a process chamber 150a/ valve 172a/ valve chamber 170a arrangement to pass sample material through a rotating system, but doe not position a window in chamber 150a.

Kellogg teaches (Figure 3E; col. 11, lines 45-65) a process to perform analysis upon a sample, including locating a sacrificial valve 213 between a process chamber 207 and read ("valve") chamber 210, and use of optical detection methods to test the material within the chamber 210 via a plastic window of the chamber.

As to claims 1-6,9-12,13-18,19-21, it would have been obvious to use Kellogg's window in Parthasarathy's process chamber 150a because Kellogg teaches that windows may be employed in chambers of process lines so that those same chambers may be employed as "read" chambers to analyze fluid passing there through.

As to claim 7, the percentage cited appears evident in Figure 4 of Parthasarathy.

As to claim 8, passage dimensions for process system are in the range of millimeters.

The following is a quotation of the appropriate paragraphs of 35 U.S.C. 102 that form the basis for the rejections under this section made in this Office action:

A person shall be entitled to a patent unless -

(b) the invention was patented or described in a printed publication in this or a foreign country or in public use or on sale in this country, more than one year prior to the date of application for patent in the United States.

Claims 1-3,5,8,14,16,17,20 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 102(b) as being anticipated by Godec et al.

Godec et al teach (Figure 2) valved process chamber on a sample processing device, the valved process chamber including: process chamber 90 having a volume

between right and left hand external walls of "rectangular" (col. 6, line 44) housing 10, the chamber occupying an process chamber area (between right hand external wall and vertically extending mid wall), and the area having a length (height) and width; a valve chamber 60 located within the process chamber area, the valve chamber located between the process chamber volume 90 and the left hand side of the processing device, whreing the valve chamber is isolated from the process chamber by a septum 94 separating the valve chamber and the process chamber, and where a portion of the process chamber volume lies between the septum 94 and the right hand external wall. The chamber is typically a "test tube" (col. 8, line 17), which passes electromagnetic energy there through, permitting liquid level to be seen as it leaves the container.

As to claims 1,2,14,16,17,20, test tubes are transparent, and thus provide for a detection window. Also, the height of the apparatus 10 may be deemed to be a length, as it is a measure of length.

As to claims 3,5, the wall on the right-hand side of volume 90 may be deemed to be a major side. Also, the chamber 90 is inside the container external wall, and thus mutually exclusive.

As to claim 8, septum 94 appears to be 1 mm thickness.

The following is a quotation of 35 U.S.C. 103(a) which forms the basis for all obviousness rejections set forth in this Office action:

⁽a) A patent may not be obtained though the invention is not identically disclosed or described as set forth in section 102 of this title, if the differences between the subject matter sought to be patented and the prior art are such that the subject matter as a whole would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to which said subject matter pertains. Patentability shall not be negatived by the manner in which the invention was made.

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Claim 21 is rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Godec et al.

As to claim 21, it would have been obvious to utilize Godec's apparatus to test blood because blood is typically removed from test tubes for sampling, suggestive of Godec's effective analyzer supplier as a means to pass blood in a test tube to an analyzer.

Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to Robert R. Raevis whose telephone number is 571-272-2204. The examiner can normally be reached on Monday to Friday from 7am to 4pm. The fax phone number for the organization where this application or proceeding is assigned is 703-872-9306.

Information regarding the status of an application may be obtained from the Patent Application Information Retrieval (PAIR) system. Status information for published applications may be obtained from either Private PAIR or Public PAIR. Status information for unpublished applications is available through Private PAIR only. For more information about the PAIR system, see http://pair-direct.uspto.gov. Should you have questions on access to the Private PAIR system, contact the Electronic Business Center (EBC) at 866-217-9197 (toll-free).

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